AN INTRODUCTION TO

ACCOUNTING Innerce

Dr. Nazaquat Husain Commerce

Dr. Nazaquat Husain Professor in Commerce

Dr. Nazaquat Husain

Dr. Nazaquat Dr. Degree College

Dr. Nazaquat Degree College

Dr. Nazaq

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Accounting Principals

According to the American Institute of Public Accounts "
 Accounting Principals are the general Laws or rules
 adopted professed as a guide to action. It is based of
 conduct and practice.

Characteristics of the Accounting principals

- These rules are based on the custom, usages and traditions.
- 2 These principals are dynamic and not fixed or rigid.
- They are designed to make accounting data provide objectivity, application, usefulness and simplicity to its users.

Kinds of Accounting Principals

Concepts

- 1. Entity Concepts
- 2. Cost Concept
- 3. Going Concern Concept
- 4. Accounting period Concept
- 5. Money Measurement Concept
- 6. Dual aspect Concept
- 7. Accounting Equation
- 8. Matching Principals
- 9. Verifiable Objects
- 10. Realization Concept
- 11. Capital Concept
- 12. Accrual Concept
- 13. The Legal Position

Conventions

- 1. Disclosure convention
- 2. Materiality Convention
- 3. Consistency Convention
- 4. Conservation Convention

Double Entry System

- According to William Pickles, "Every business transaction has two fold effects and it affected two accounts. In order to keep complete record of a transaction, one bound to be debited and the other is bound to be credited. Recording this two fold effect of each transaction is called as Double Entry System.
- Characteristics of Double Entry System
- 1. Effects on two accounts or parties
- Simultaneous Recording
- Contra position of two accounting
- 4. Definite rule of Recording
- 5. Two aspects of transactions.

Objectives of double Entry system

- 1. To facilitate the verification of accuracy of accounting
- To know the position of profit or loss and the financial results with the help of Trial Balance
- To know progress of the business at the end of each accounting period
- To check and control misappropriation and defalcation by employees.
- To have proper and systematic record of business for future reference

Types of accounts

Accounts denotes the date-wise record of all the dealing pertaining to a particular person, party, property, goods, services, expenses, income, gains and losses in one head at one place according to certain rules

Types of Accounts

Personal Accounts

- 1. Natural person
- 2. Artificial person
- 3. Representative person

Impersonal Accounts

- 1. Real Accounts (Tangible Assets and Intangible Assets)
- 2. Nominal Account

Rules for Debit and Credit

- Real Account (Debit What Comes in and Credit What Goes out)
- Personal account (Debit the Receiver and Credit the Giver)
- Nominal Account (Debit All Expenses and Losses and Credit All Incomes and gains)

Thanks