

In 1987 Brundtland commission proscribed:

"SD meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own demand. It has got certain objectives or goals to achieve for the over-all development of mankind."

↑ process
Common

- 1) We are common, having same future.
- 2) The development process must be participatory, same objective from all sections of people.
- 3) The objectives are same but ways might be different.
- 4) The development process must be balanced and conducive with nature.
- 5) The development process must be continuous and long term.
- 6) Equal distribution and social justice should be taken care of.
- 7) All development processes must be integrated & co-ordinated co-ordinated.

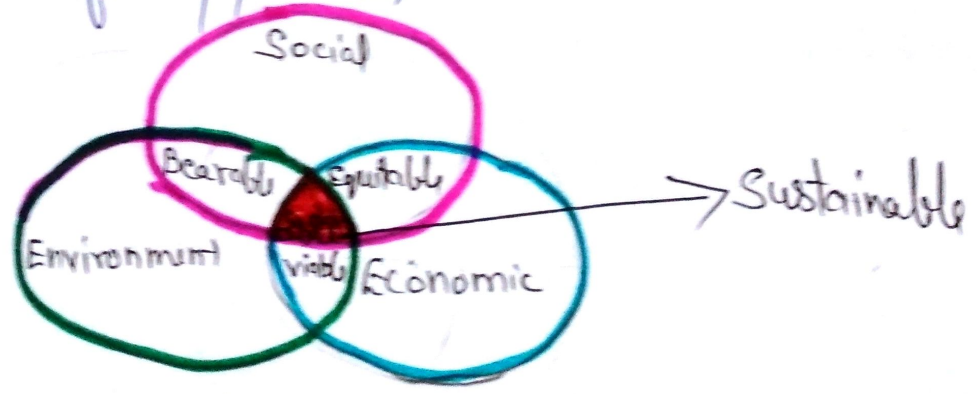
So SD should be ecologically conformable,
Economically viable and socially acceptable

Major objectives

- ① Provision of basic human requirements like food, shelter, clothing, health, education etc, with minimum disturbance of natural eco-systems
- ② Environment and biodiversity should be preserved for ultimate future of mankind.
- ③ Individuals and countries should be integrated to the process of SD

9 Basic objectives of S.D

- ① creation of conditions that ensure the future survival of human beings and other living species.
- ② Creation of environment that provides and satisfies at least elementary basic requirements
- ③ Creation of environment that sustains biological and natural productivity system.
- ④ Creation of conducive environment that accelerates economic development, efficiency and long term prosperity.
- ⑤ Creation of the sustainable system that helps preservation and protection of environment of and ecosystems.
- ⑥ Provision of social justice along with eradication of poverty and inequality
- ⑦ Creation of self sufficient economy and en masse participatory environment
- ⑧ Lowering of population growth, particularly in the developing world
- ⑨ Protection of regional cultures diversity, regional knowledge & age old time-tested Eco-friendly practices



Scheme of Sustainable development: at the confluence of these constituent

The noted environmentalist and a devoted protagonist of sustainable development, B

Barbara Ward, first coined the word

inner and outer limits of sustainability to express the different limiting forces that work against the SD

The inner limits are always reflected by the internal socio-economic inequality within the population while outer limits are social cohesion. Beyond these two limits, SD cannot sustain, it break down suddenly. Social disharmony and inequality among inhabitants lead to environmental disorder, war, social tension or ethnic conflict. To break or broaden the outer limit & inner limit of growth, certain measure are recommended:

- ① Present pattern of production and consumption should be in accordance with strict environment norms, so that it can be both socially & environmentally sustainable.

- ② Inequality among people should be minimized
- ③ Enhancing creativity and sensitivity, so that life style & activities should be diverse and people would get plenty of consumption choices.
- ④ Ethical and normal values should be preserved and mass education should be implemented to curb materialistic consumption
- ⑤ Participation of the people in the decision-making process.
- ⑥ Diversification of Economy to enable the population to select their life-style.
- ⑦ Poverty alleviation programme and Eradication of Economic balance

